SAFETY DATA SHEET

RAD FLUX # 1

Section 1. Identification **GHS** product identifier : RAD FLUX #1 : GHS041 **Reference number** Other means of : Not available. identification **Product type** : Liquid. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable. **Supplier's details** : AIM 9100 Henri Bourassa East Montreal, QC H1E 2S4 (514) 494-2000 In the United States: AIM 25 Kenney Drive Cranston, RI 02920 (800) CALL-AIM In México AIM Soldadura de México Circuito Interior Norte # 460 Parque Industrial Salvarcar Ciudad Juárez, Chih. (656) 630-0032 : INFOTRAC **Emergency telephone** number (with hours of North America: (800) 535-5053 International: (352) 323-3500 operation) Section 2. Hazards identification **OSHA/HCS** status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). : SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 **Classification of the** SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 substance or mixture **GHS** label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word : Danger **Hazard statements** : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

 Precautionary statements

 Prevention
 : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately c a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.		
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.		
Storage	: Store locked up.		
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.		

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
zinc chloride	≥25 - ≤50	7646-85-7
ammonium chloride	≤5	12125-02-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	t aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in

Section 4. First aid measures

recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/et	fects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effec	t <u>s</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>oms</u>	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Indication of immediate med	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media					
Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.				
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.				
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.				
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides				
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. 				
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/2/2018 Date of previous issue : 6/8/2018 Version : 0.04 3/14				

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
zinc chloride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume ACGIH (United States, 0/1994). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 2 mg/m ³ NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume OSHA (United States, 0/1989). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ STEL: 2 mg/m ³
ammonium chloride	ACGIH (United States, 0/1994). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ STEL: 20 mg/m ³ CEIL: 20 mg/m ³ ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume NIOSH (United States, 0/1994). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ STEL: 20 mg/m ³ OSHA (United States, 0/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ STEL: 20 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

: 7/2/2018

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Yellowish. [Light]
Odor	:	Chlorinated.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available
Boiling point	:	Not available
Flash point	:	[Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	Not available.
Solubility	1	Not available.
Solubility in water	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

: 7/2/2018

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
zinc chloride	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	329 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	350 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	350 mg/kg	-
ammonium chloride	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1650 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1650 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Dog	600 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc chloride	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	120 hours 1 Percent	-
ammonium chloride	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	4	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effec	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: 7/2/2018

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates		
Route	ATE value	
Oral	44117.6 mg/kg	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc chloride	Acute EC50 26 µg/l	Algae - Navicula incerta	96 hours
	Acute EC50 34 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella vulgaris - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna aequinoctialis	96 hours
	Acute EC50 100 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 49.99 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Moina irrasa - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.027 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Limanda punctatissima - Pre-larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 20 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Chlorella sp Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Procambarus clarkii - Intermolt	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 80 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 31.5 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	30 days
ammonium chloride	Acute EC50 0.07 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Hormosira banksii - Gamete	72 hours
	Acute LC50 20 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Macrobrachium rosenbergii - Post-larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 390 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Young	48 hours
	Acute LC50 80 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.03 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia obtusa	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.6 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Entomoneis punctulata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 330 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Crangonyx sp Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.006 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Ictalurus punctatus - Fry	30 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
zinc chloride	-	60960	high
ammonium chloride	-3.2	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	1840	1840	1840	1840	1840	1840
UN proper shipping name	Zinc Chloride (Solution)	Zinc Chloride (Solution)	Zinc Chloride (Solution)	Zinc chloride solution	Zinc Chloride (Solution)	Zinc chloride solution
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8	8	8
Packing group	111	Ш	Ш	Ш	111	Ш
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. Reportable guantity 2971.8 lbs / 1349.2 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 40-2.42 (Class 8).		The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.		The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

RAD FLUX # 1				
Section 14. Transport information				
(reportable quantity) transportation requirements.				

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inver	ntory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
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Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ SARA 304 RQ		SO	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Hydrochloric acid	<1	Yes.	500	-	5000	-

SARA 304 RQ

: 961538.5 lbs / 436538.5 kg

SARA 311/312 Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
zinc chloride		No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
ammonium chloride		No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	zinc chloride	7646-85-7	≥25 - ≤50
requirements	ammonium chloride	12125-02-9	≤5
Supplier notification	zinc chloride	7646-85-7	≥25 - ≤50
	ammonium chloride	12125-02-9	≤5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

State regulations

otate regulations	
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: zinc chloride; ammonium chloride
New York	: The following components are listed: Zinc chloride; Ammonium chloride
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: zinc chloride; ammonium chloride
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: zinc chloride; ammonium chloride
International regulation	<u>s</u>
<u>Chemical Weapon Cor</u>	vention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol (An	nexes A, B, C, E)
Not listed.	
Stockholm Conventio	n on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	Torresistent organic ronatanta
	<u>n on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)</u>
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protoc	ol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: Not determined.
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Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Calculation method Calculation method
	•
: 7/2/2018	
: 7/2/2018	
: 6/8/2018	
: 0.04	
: MSDS coordinator AIM , 9100 Henri-Bourassa east, Montreal, Quebe (514) 494-2000	c, H1E 2S4
IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Preven	befficient tion of Pollution From Ships, 1973
Registration SOR/88-64 31 December, 1987 Hazar Disclosure List"CFR29, OSHA's Permissible Exp CFR29, part 1910.1200, Hazard Communication manufacturer's Material Safety Data SheetCRC H 67 th edition, CRC Press inc., Boca Raton, Florida. Sécurité au Travail), document #RT-12: Classificati -IATA, Dangerous Goods Regulations, 37th edition Protection Guide to Chemical Hazards, 11th edition Chemical Hazards, revision June 1994. Sigma-Alrie	dous Products Act "Ingredient osure Limits, revision July, 1993 CHEMTOX database -Components' Handbook of chemistry and physics, -CSST (Comission de Santé et on of Certain Chemical Substances. (January 1, 1996) -NFPA, Fire NIOSH, Pocket Guide to ch handbook of fine chemicals, 1998
	 7/2/2018 6/8/2018 0.04 MSDS coordinator AIM, 9100 Henri-Bourassa east, Montreal, Quebe (514) 494-2000 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Preven as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = mark

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Notice to reader

: 7/2/2018

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.